

Datasheet: EN Cu-OF / CW008A 99,95% Pure Copper Rod, bar and wire for general electrical purposes Alumeco ApS 18-03-2025				Internal alloy name: CW008A Metal: Copper Chemical Symbol: Cu-OF EN: EN Cu-OF UNS: C10200 SS: 5011 GB: TU0.008 / C10800 JIS: - Also known as: - Alloy type: Electrical conducting				
Main usage: - Automotive - Electrical conductors - Heat sinks Main properties: - High thermal and electrical conductivity - Excellent soldering properties - Good corrosion resistance				Important norms and literature: General Standards EN 13601:2013: Copper and copper alloys – Copper rod, bar and wire for general electrical purposes Geometric Tolerance: EN 13601:2013: Copper and copper alloys – Copper rod, bar and wire for general electrical purposes				
Chemical composition in %: EN 13601:2013								
Cu		Bi		Pb		Other elements		
99,95		Max. 0,0005		Max. 0,005		Each	Total	
						-	0,03	
Mechanical properties: EN 13601:2013								
Material Condition	Round, Square & Hexagonal	Rectangular		Tensile strength R _m MPa Min.	0,2% proof strength R _{p0,2} MPa	Elongation		Hardness HBW
	mm	Thickness	Width			Min. % A _{100mm}	A	
D	2 – 160	0,5 – 40	1 – 200	COLD WORKED WITHOUT SPECIFIED PROPERTIES				
R200	2 – 160	1 – 40	1 – 200	200	Max.120	25	35	-
H065	2 – 80	0,5 – 40	1 – 200	-	-	-	-	65 – 90
R230	30 – 80	10 – 40	10 – 200	230	Min. 160	-	18	-
R250	2 – 10	1 – 10	5 – 200	250	Min. 200	8	12	-
	10 – 140	10 – 40	10 – 200	250	Min. 180	-	15	-
H085	2 – 40	0,5 – 20	1 – 120	-	-	-	-	85 – 110
R280	20 – 60	20 – 40	20 – 160	280	Min. 240	-	10	-
* Information values only;								
Physical properties:								
Density (20 °C) g/cm³	Solidification range °C	Material condition	Electrical conductivity % IACS Min.	Volume resistivity Ω×mm² / m Max.	Mass resistivity Ω×g / m² Max.	Thermal conductivity (20 °C) W/m K	E – modulus (20 °C) N / mm²	
8,94	1083	D	96,6	0,01786	0,1588	394	127.000	
		R200, R230, H065, R250	100	0,01724	0,1533			
		H085, R280	98,3	0,01754	0,1559			
Properties and information's (3 Excellent; 2 Good; 1 Poor/not recommendable) ¹								
Machinability (Zerspanbarkeitsindex): 20* *(CuZn39Pb3 = 100) Forming Methods: Hot Formability: 2 Cold Formability: 3 Corrosion resistance: Atmosphere: 2 Waters and alkaline: 2 Acids, Ammonia, Seawater: 1			Joining Methods: Soldering: 3 Brazing: 3 Oxy-acetylene welding: 2 Gas-shielded arc welding: 2 TIG welding: 1 MIG welding: 1 Spot/seam welding: 1 Butt welding: 2 Gluing/adhesion: 2			Surface Treatment: Polishing: Mechanical: 2 Electrolytic/chemical: 3 Galvanizing: 3 Hot Dipping: 3		
¹ Information extracted from Künfenerband:								

Tolerances for Rods, Bars and Wires of CW008A

Tolerances for Rods, Bars and Wires of SWR500A

Dimensions: EN 13601:2013*

Dimensional tolerances for round, square and hexagonal rod and wire

Dimensions in millimetres

Nominal sizes	Tolerances	
	Round rod and wire (diameter) Class A	Square and hexagonal rod and wire (width across-flats) Class A
$2 \leq D/W \leq 3$	0 - 0,06	-
$3 < D/W \leq 6$	0 - 0,08	0 - 0,12
$6 < D/W \leq 10$	0 - 0,09	0 - 0,15
$10 < D/W \leq 18$	0 - 0,11	0 - 0,18
$18 < D/W \leq 30$	0 - 0,13	0 - 0,21
$30 < D/W \leq 50$	0 - 0,16	0 - 0,25
$50 < D/W \leq 80$	0 - 0,19	0 - 0,30
$80 < D/W \leq 120$	0 - 0,35	0 - 0,54
$120 < D/W \leq 160$	0 - 0,60	0 - 0,63

* Values are referred from Table 5 of EN 13601:2013

Dimensions: EN 13601:2013*								Dimensions in millimetres
Tolerances on width and thickness of bar and rectangular wire								
Nominal width	Tolerance on width	Tolerance on nominal thickness for range of thickness						
		$0,5 \leq t \leq 3$	$3 < t \leq 6$	$6 < t \leq 10$	$10 < t \leq 18$	$18 < t \leq 30$	$30 < t \leq 40$	
$1 \leq W \leq 10$	$\pm 0,08$	$\pm 0,05$	$\pm 0,06$	$\pm 0,08$	-	-	-	
$10 < W \leq 18$	$\pm 0,10$	$\pm 0,05$	$\pm 0,06$	$\pm 0,08$	$\pm 0,10$	-	-	
$18 < W \leq 30$	$\pm 0,15$	$\pm 0,05$	$\pm 0,07$	$\pm 0,09$	$\pm 0,10$	$\pm 0,15$	-	
$30 < W \leq 50$	$\pm 0,20$	$\pm 0,06$	$\pm 0,09$	$\pm 0,10$	$\pm 0,12$	$\pm 0,15$	$\pm 0,20$	
$50 < W \leq 80$	$\pm 0,25$	$\pm 0,09$	$\pm 0,10$	$\pm 0,12$	$\pm 0,15$	$\pm 0,18$	$\pm 0,25$	
$80 < W \leq 120$	$\pm 0,30$	-	$\pm 0,12$	$\pm 0,15$	$\pm 0,18$	$\pm 0,23$	$\pm 0,30$	
$120 < W \leq 160$	$\pm 0,40$	-	-	$\pm 0,18$	$\pm 0,20$	$\pm 0,25$	$\pm 0,35$	
$160 < W \leq 200$	$\pm 0,50$	-	-	$\pm 0,20$	$\pm 0,25$	$\pm 0,30$	$\pm 0,40$	

* Values are referred from Table 6 of EN 13601:2013

Dimensions: EN 13601:2013*		
Radii for rounded corners of rod, bar and wire		
Dimensions in millimetres		
Nominal thickness <i>t</i> or width <i>W</i> across-flats	Corner radius	Tolerance on corner radius
0,5 ≤ <i>t</i> / <i>W</i> ≤ 1	0,5 * <i>t</i> / <i>W</i>	-
1 < <i>t</i> / <i>W</i> ≤ 3	0,5	-
3 < <i>t</i> / <i>W</i> ≤ 6	0,8	± 0,2
6 < <i>t</i> / <i>W</i> ≤ 10	1,0	± 0,3
10 < <i>t</i> / <i>W</i> ≤ 30	1,6	± 0,4
30 < <i>t</i> / <i>W</i> ≤ 80	2,5	± 0,5
80 < <i>t</i> / <i>W</i> ≤ 120	4,0	± 1,0
120 < <i>t</i> / <i>W</i> ≤ 160	6,0	± 1,0

* Values are referred from Table 8 of EN 13601:2013

Dimensions: EN 13601:2013*	
Tolerance on fixed lengths (FL)	
Ordered length	Tolerance
$L \leq 3000$	+5 0
$3000 < L \leq 6000$	+10 0
$6000 < L \leq 10000$	+15 0

* Values are referred from Table 9 of EN 13601:2013

Dimensions: EN 13601:2013*
Maximum twist of square or hexagonal rod or rectangular bar

Nominal width W mm	Maximum permitted twist v mm	
	In any 1 m length	In total length L (in m)
$10 \leq W \leq 18$	1,0	$1,0 \times L$
$18 < W \leq 30$	1,5	$1,5 \times L$
$30 < W \leq 50$	2,0	$2,0 \times L$
$50 < W \leq 80$	3,0	$3,0 \times L$
$80 < W \leq 120$	4,5	$4,5 \times L$
$120 < W \leq 200$	6,0	$6,0 \times L$

* Values are referred from Table 10 of EN 13601:2013

Dimensions: EN 13601:2013*
Straightness of rod and bar

Nominal diameter, width across-flats, thickness or width	Maximum deviation from straightness (See Figure 5 in EN 13601:2013)		
	h_2 in any length l_2 of 400 mm	h_1 for total length l_1	
$10 \text{ mm} \leq$	0,8 mm	$1 \text{ m} \leq l_1 \leq 4 \text{ m}$	$> 4 \text{ m}$
		$2,00 \text{ mm} \times l_1$	by agreement

* Values are referred from Table 11 of EN 13601:2013

Dimensions: EN 13601:2013*
Flatness of bar

Nominal width W mm	Maximum deviation from flatness e for nominal thickness mm	
	$1 \leq t \leq 6$	$6 < t \leq 40$
$10 \leq W \leq 30$	0,2	0,15
$30 < W \leq 50$	0,3	0,2
$50 < W \leq 80$	0,4	0,25
$80 < W \leq 120$	0,5	0,3
$120 < W \leq 200$	-	0,5

Where the ratio nominal width: nominal thickness is greater than 15:1, the deviation from flatness shall be agreed between the purchaser and the supplier.

* Values are referred from Table 12 of EN 13601:2013

Dimensions: EN 13601:2013*
Sampling rate

Nominal diameter or width across-flats w mm	Mass of inspection lot for one test sample kg
$0,1 < d/W \leq 0,8$	≤ 100
$0,8 < d/W \leq 3,0$	≤ 250
$3,0 < d/W \leq 10,0$	≤ 500
$10,0 < d/W \leq 25,0$	≤ 1000
$25,0 < d/W \leq 50,0$	≤ 1500
$50,0 < d/W$	≤ 2000

For wire with polygonal or rectangular cross-section, the diameter of a round wire of equivalent cross-sectional area.

* Values are referred from Table 13 of EN 13601:2013